



## Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE  
NAME

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CENTRE  
NUMBER

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**MATHEMATICS**

**9709/42**

Paper 4 Mechanics

**May/June 2021**

**1 hour 15 minutes**

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

### INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- Where a numerical value for the acceleration due to gravity ( $g$ ) is needed, use  $10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ .

### INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

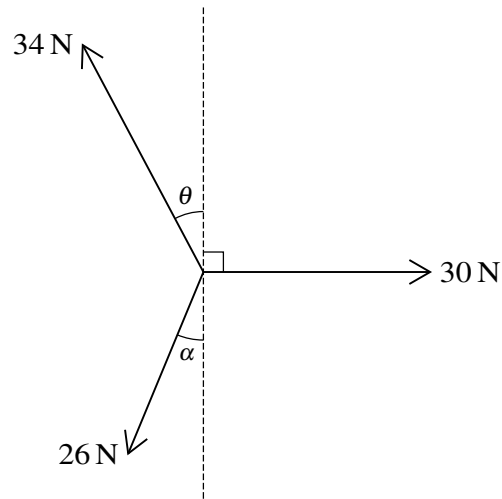
This document has **12** pages.





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2



Coplanar forces of magnitudes 34 N, 30 N and 26 N act at a point in the directions shown in the diagram.

Given that  $\sin \alpha = \frac{5}{13}$  and  $\sin \theta = \frac{8}{17}$ , find the magnitude and direction of the resultant of the three forces. [6]

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5 A car of mass 1250 kg is pulling a caravan of mass 800 kg along a straight road. The resistances to the motion of the car and caravan are 440 N and 280 N respectively. The car and caravan are connected by a light rigid tow-bar.

(a) The car and caravan move along a horizontal part of the road at a constant speed of  $30 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ .

(i) Calculate, in kW, the power developed by the engine of the car. [2]

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(ii) Given that this power is suddenly decreased by 8 kW, find the instantaneous deceleration of the car and caravan and the tension in the tow-bar. [4]

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- (b) The car and caravan now travel along a part of the road inclined at  $\sin^{-1} 0.06$  to the horizontal. The car and caravan travel up the incline at constant speed with the engine of the car working at 28 kW.

(i) Find this constant speed. [3]

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(ii) Find the increase in the potential energy of the caravan in one minute. [2]

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